

SOP341203: Intact MET Immunoassay

Effective Date: 7/5/2016

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## VERSION INFORMATION

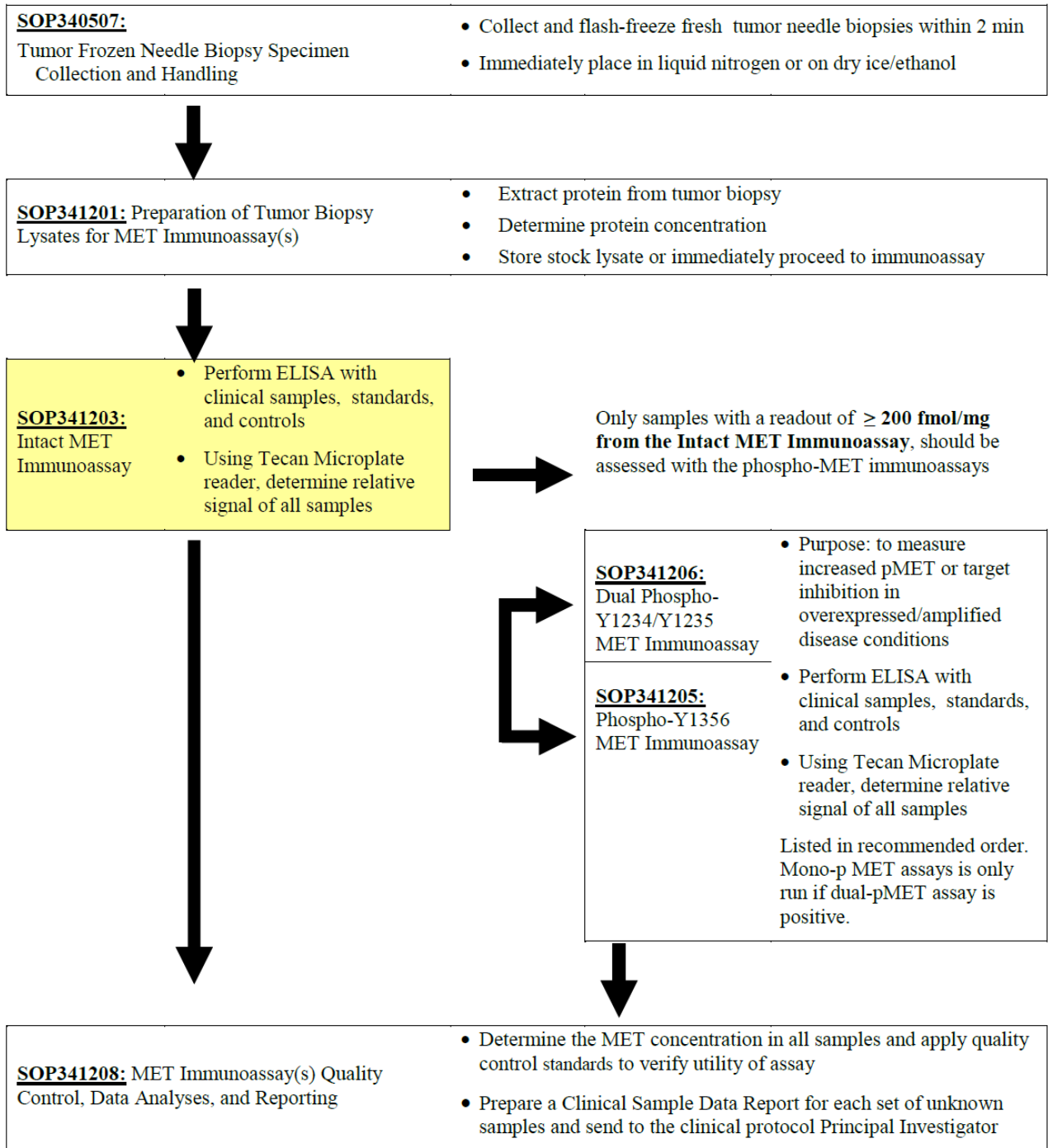
### 1. Approvals

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### 2. Change History

Revision	Approval Date	Description	Originator	Approval
--	5/12/2010	New Document	JW, SK	AKS
A	10/7/2011	Format for DCTD style. Define critical reagents, and expand Critical Reagent list and Batch Record. Assay transfer complete.	YAE	AKS
B	6/4/2012	Dynamic range of MET standard curve extended, new Plate Map format, third MET control sample added, new QC and data analysis SOP referenced, and dilutions of unknown clinical samples defined.	YZ, AKS	RJK
C	2/7/2014	Defined minimal lysate concentration. Expanded description for clinical dilution preparation; preparation changed to only prepare 2 different dilutions for each clinical specimen. MET readout changed from pM/μg to pmol/μg. Defined room temperature.	YAE, KFG	AKS
D	7/5/2016	Changes to critical reagent list, change to recommended initial protein loading, other minor edits in preparation for community transfer.	KFG	AKS

**OVERVIEW OF MET IMMUNOASSAY SAMPLE PROCESSING**



## 1.0 PURPOSE

Standardize an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) method for quantifying intact MET levels as a pharmacodynamic (PD) measure of chemotherapeutic agents.

## 2.0 SCOPE

This procedure applies to all personnel involved in the use of the Intact MET Immunoassay during clinical trials. The goal of the SOP and associated training is to ensure consistency of intact MET measurement between clinical sites.

## 3.0 ABBREVIATIONS

C	=	Control
Capture Antibody Coated Strips	=	Nunc Maxisorp 8-well white strips, pre-coated with affinity-purified MET goat pAb
DCTD	=	Division of Cancer Treatment and Diagnosis
ELISA	=	Enzyme-Linked ImmunoSorbent Assay
HGF	=	Hepatocyte Growth Factor
HRP	=	Horse Radish Peroxidase
IA	=	Immunoassay
LHTP	=	Laboratory of Human Toxicology and Pharmacology
MET goat pAb	=	Human HGF R/c-MET antibody; affinity-purified polyclonal goat IgG
NCTVL	=	National Clinical Target Validation Laboratory
pAb	=	Polyclonal antibody
PADIS	=	Pharmacodynamic Assay Development and Implementation Section
PBS	=	Phosphate Buffered Saline
PBS-Casein	=	Phosphate Buffered Saline/Casein Block and Diluent
PI	=	Protease Inhibitor(s)
PD	=	Pharmacodynamic
RLU	=	Relative Light Units
SOP	=	Standard Operating Procedure
SPB	=	Sample Preparation Buffer
Temp	=	Temperature

## 4.0 INTRODUCTION

The Intact MET Immunoassay has been developed to measure the effect of chemotherapeutic agents on the levels of intact MET in tumor biopsy samples, irrespective of the MET phosphorylation levels. The amount of intact MET measured will serve as a denominator reading to determine the fraction of MET phosphorylated at critical sites. An ELISA is used to first capture MET from total cell extracts on plates coated with a purified goat polyclonal antibody reactive to the extracellular domain of MET. The captured protein is then detected using a biotin conjugated mouse monoclonal antibody against C-terminal MET followed by addition of a poly-HRP conjugate to allow chemiluminescent readout and quantitation of MET levels.

## 5.0 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

**Laboratory Director/Supervisor** The Laboratory Director/Supervisor, directs laboratory operations, supervises technical personnel and reporting of findings, and is responsible for the proper performance of all laboratory procedures. Oversees the personnel running SOPs within the laboratory and is responsible for ensuring the personnel are certified and have sufficient experience to handle clinical samples.

**Certified Assay Operator** A Certified Assay Operator may be a Laboratory Technician/Technologist, Research Associate, or Laboratory Scientist who has been certified through DCTD training on this SOP and reports to the Laboratory Director/Supervisor. This person performs laboratory procedures and examinations in accordance with the current SOP(s), as well as any other procedures conducted by a laboratory, including maintaining equipment and records and performing quality assurance activities related to performance.

**5.1** It is the responsibility of the Laboratory Director/Supervisor to ensure that all personnel have documented DCTD training and qualification on this SOP prior to the actual handling and processing of samples from clinical trial patients. The Laboratory Director/Supervisor is responsible for ensuring the Certified Assay Operator running the SOP has sufficient experience to handle and analyze clinical samples.

**5.2** The Certified Assay Operator responsible for conducting the assay is to follow this SOP and complete the required tasks and associated documentation. The Plate Map Design ([Appendix 1](#)) and Batch Record ([Appendix 2](#)) must be completed in *real-time* for each experimental run, with each page *dated and initialed*, and placed with the clinical sample information.

**5.3** Digital versions of the sample table in the Batch Record (Appendix 2, Section 3) can be created for logging sample information as long as all column information exactly matches the table in the Batch Record. A copy of the completed, digital sample tables must be printed and attached to the Batch Record in order to maintain a complete audit trail.

**5.4** All responsible personnel are to check the DCTD Biomarkers web site (<http://dctd.cancer.gov/ResearchResources/ResearchResources-biomarkers.htm>) to verify that the most recent SOP version of the SOP for the assay is being used.

## 6.0 CRITICAL REAGENTS, MATERIALS, AND EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

- 6.1 PADIS/IQC-supplied Critical Reagents
  - 6.1.1 Capture Antibody Coated Strips; 12 Capture Antibody Coated Strips per 96-well frame
  - 6.1.2 MET standards (concentration provided by lot number)
  - 6.1.3 Tumor Lysate Control samples, 50 µg/mL (custom preparations of Low, Mid, and High MET level controls)
  - 6.1.4 Biotin-conjugated MET mouse monoclonal antibody, clone L41G3 (custom conjugated preparation of Cell Signaling, Cat#: 3148)
  - 6.1.5 Streptavidin poly-HRP conjugate, 0.5 mg/mL (500 µg/mL; Thermo Scientific Pierce, Cat#: 21140)
  - 6.1.6 SuperSignal ELISA Pico Chemiluminescent Substrate (Thermo Scientific Pierce, Cat#: 37070)
  - 6.1.7 Phosphate Buffered Saline/Casein Block and Diluent, 5X concentrate (5X PBS-Casein; BioFx, Cat#: PBSC-1000-01)
- 6.2 Tween 20 non-ionic, aqueous solution, 10% w/v (Roche Applied Science, Cat#: 11332465001) or Surfact-Amps Purified Detergent Solution, 10% (w/v) (Thermo Scientific, Cat#: 28320)
- 6.3 Pipettors (200-1000 µL and 10-100 µL) and tips
- 6.4 Multichannel pipettor (30-300 µL) and tips
- 6.5 Reagent reservoirs (Fisher Scientific, Cat#: 21-381-27C)
- 6.6 Nunc Maxisorp Immuno-Module, 8-well white strips, framed (Thermo Scientific, Cat#: 437591)
- 6.7 2.0-mL Sarstedt o-ring screw cap, skirted tubes (Fisher Scientific, Cat#: 72.694.006)
- 6.8 15-mL polypropylene tubes (e.g., Fisher Scientific, Cat#: 14-959-49B)
- 6.9 50-mL polypropylene tube (e.g., Becton Dickinson, Cat#: 352098)
- 6.10 Adhesive plate sealers (Edge BioSystems, Cat#: 48461)
- 6.11 Ice bucket
- 6.12 UltraPure DNase/RNase-free distilled water (e.g., Invitrogen, Cat#: 10977-015)
- 6.13 BioStab Antibody Stabilizer (Sigma-Aldrich, Cat#: 55514)
- 6.14 Triton X-100, non-ionic, aqueous solution, 10% w/v, stored according to manufacturer's direction (Roche Applied Science, Cat#: 11332481001)
- 6.15 10X Phosphate Buffered Saline, pH 7.2 (PBS; Invitrogen, Cat#: 70013-072)
- 6.16 Convertible Tabletop Impulse Sealer, SECO (VWR International, Cat#: 58606-008)
- 6.17 Sorvall Fresco centrifuge, refrigerated (Fisher Scientific)
- 6.18 BioTek ELx405 Select, ELx405 Select CW or ELx405 Microplate Washer (BioTek Instruments)
- 6.19 Vortex mixer, digital, 500-3000 rpm (Fisher Scientific, Cat#: 02-215-370)
- 6.20 Orbital microplate shaker with temperature control (VWR International, Cat#: 12620-930); able to maintain 25°C (± 3°C)
- 6.21 Non-humidified, fixed temperature incubator able to maintain 25°C (± 3°C)
- 6.22 Infinite® 200 Microplate Reader, Infinite M200 Pro or Tecan Genios Pro (same instrument settings; Tecan US)
- 6.23 -20°C and -80°C freezer
- 6.24 4°C refrigerator
- 6.25 Microsoft Excel 2003, 2007, or 2010
- 6.26 Tumor biopsy stock protein lysates processed following SOP341201 (Preparation of Tumor Biopsy Lysates for MET Immunoassay)

## 7.0 OPERATING PROCEDURES

7.1 Prior to beginning the assay, refer to the Plate Map Design and Batch Record to review all actions required for successful assay setup ([Appendices 1 and 2](#)).

7.2 Record the name and certification number of the Certified Assay Operator and the facility running the SOP in the Batch Record ([Appendix 2](#)). Include reference to clinical protocol number(s) and 96-well plate ID, if applicable.

### 7.3 Critical Reagents

7.3.1 All Critical Reagents are to be labeled with date of receipt and stored under the specified conditions for no longer than the recommended duration.

- Storage conditions and expiration dates for all Critical Reagents are provided on the package insert.
- Do not exchange reagents from one set of qualified Critical Reagents with a set of reagents qualified separately.

7.3.2 Record the date of receipt, lot numbers, stock/supplied reagent concentration, recommended working dilution/concentration, and expiration dates for the Critical Reagents in the Batch Record (Appendix 2, Section 1).

7.3.2.1 **Capture Antibody Coated Strips:** Nunc Maxisorp 8-well white strips adsorbed with affinity-purified MET goat pAb provided in a 96-well format in sealed foil pouches.

7.3.2.2 **MET Standards:** Affinity purified-recombinant wild type MET protein from 293E cells in Sample Preparation Buffer (SPB).

7.3.2.3 **Tumor Lysate Controls (C):** 50 µg/mL stock xenograft extracts prepared in a buffered solution containing PhosSTOP and protease inhibitors.

7.3.2.4 **L41G3-Biotin Conjugate:** 100 µg/mL stock (PADIS/IQC custom preparation). Biotin-conjugated MET mouse monoclonal antibody, clone L41G3.

7.3.2.5 **Streptavidin Poly-HRP conjugate:** Supplied as a 0.5 mg/mL (500 µg/mL) stock solution.

7.3.2.6 **PBS-Casein Block and Diluent (PBS-Casein):** 5X stock solution qualified from the manufacturer. Use to prepare Intact MET Buffer as instructed in Appendix 2, Section 2B. **Chemiluminescent Substrate Solutions:** Stock solutions (Peroxide and Pico Luminol/Enhancer Solutions) qualified from the manufacturer. Protect from light.

## 7.4 Plate Map and Buffer Preparation

**7.4.1** Based on the number of patient samples to be analyzed, generate a Plate Map ([Appendix 1](#)) to define the location and replicates of unknown samples, tumor controls, and MET standards. A single patient's **batched** samples should be contained in one 96-well plate, not split over two, to ensure consistent sample handling. A minimum of 8 Capture Antibody Coated Strips will be used per experiment to accommodate the standards, controls, and a minimum of one patient's samples.

**Important:** The data analysis template (SOP341208) is based on the well designations in the Plate Map ([Appendix 1](#)). To prevent user errors, load the plate according to the Plate Map well designations.

**7.4.2** Once the number of wells is known, determine the amount of reagents required for the assay using the Batch Record in [Appendix 2](#). Once these calculations are complete, check that sufficient reagents and supplies are on hand to complete the assay.

**7.4.3** Record the make, model, and serial numbers of equipment in the Batch Record (Appendix 2, Section 2A) and prepare the buffers outlined in the Batch Record (Appendix 2, Section 2B).

**IMPORTANT: Do not let plate dry out during wash and aspiration steps.**

## 7.5 Plate Preparation

**7.5.1** Take out a foil ziplock pouch containing Capture Antibody Coated Strips from the refrigerator and let come to ambient temperature for 30 min before opening the pouch. Strips are stored as a 96-well frame with 12 capture antibody coated 8-well strips per frame.

**7.5.2** Cut open the pouch just below the heat seal and be sure the color of the desiccant capsule is blue. If desiccant has turned pink, discard strips and use a new pouch as there has been air leakage into the pouch.

**7.5.3** If fewer than 12 Capture Antibody Coated Strips are needed according to the Plate Map, remove the unneeded coated strips from the 96-well frame and replace them with uncoated Maxisorp 8-well white strip. The strip in column 12 of the Plate Map ([Appendix 1](#)) should be replaced with an uncoated Maxisorp 8-well white strip.

**7.5.3.1** Place any unused coated strips back in the foil ziplock pouch containing the desiccant capsule and close the pouch. When resealing the foil ziplock pouch, be sure to remove as much air as possible.

**7.5.3.2** Seal the foil ziplock pouch with an Impulse-Sealer set on medium heat, or setting of 4, until indicator light turns off (use manufacturer's instructions).

**7.5.3.3** Record the number of remaining coated strips on the package and return to 2°C to 8°C. Strips in resealed pouches can be used for up to 6 mo from the preparation date if stored under these conditions.

**7.5.4** In case strips accidentally get removed from the frame, use a marker to label each Capture Antibody Coated Strip with the corresponding column number from the Plate Map ([Appendix 1](#)).



## 7.6 Preparation of MET Standards, Unknown Sample Lysates, and Tumor Controls

### 7.6.1 Preparation of MET standards, run in triplicate

- 7.6.1.1 Place the MET standard stock solution in a water/ice bath to thaw, vortex briefly to mix. Label eight 1.5-mL Sarstedt tubes, numbered 1 through 8, for the MET standards. Prepare all standards on ice.
- 7.6.1.2 Use the calculations in the Batch Record (Appendix 2, Section 3A) to prepare 1 mL of the 40 pM MET standard in tube #1.
- 7.6.1.3 Prepare the remaining standards by serial dilution as outlined with final concentrations of 20 to 0.31 pM (tube #2-8) in chilled Intact MET Buffer (2 - 8°C). Once thawed, keep standards on ice and use within 2 h.

### 7.6.2 Unknown biopsy sample lysates, run in triplicate

- 7.6.2.1 Place the unknown sample stock lysates on ice to thaw. Record the time samples are removed from freezer, the sample/patient IDs and stock lysate concentration in the Batch Record (Appendix 2, Section 3B). Each unknown biopsy lysate will take up 2 sample spots (e.g., S1 and S2). Once thawed, keep lysates on ice and use within 1 h.
- 7.6.2.2 For each unknown sample, prepare two different dilutions (50 and 100 µg/mL) in Intact MET Buffer (2 - 8°C) for analysis using the directions in the Batch Record (Appendix 2, Section 3B). While each well will have a 100 µL loading volume, S1 triplicate wells will hold 50 µg/mL and S2 100 µg/mL total protein in each well.
  - Wells should never contain > 200 µg/mL total protein in the MET Immunoassays.
  - Samples with total protein concentration of < **250 µg/mL** (0.25 µg/µL) should not be used in the MET Immunoassays and will be reported as unanalyzable in the Clinical Sample Data Report.
- 7.6.2.3 Record the volume stock lysate and Intact MET Buffer (2 - 8°C) used as well as the final concentration of each **diluted lysate** in Appendix 2, Section 3B. Clearly label 1.5-mL tubes with the sample number (e.g., S1, S2, etc.). Excess **diluted lysate** will be discarded.
- 7.6.2.4 For each sample number (S1, S2, etc.), verify that the tube number matches the actual protein concentration (50 and 100 µg/mL) of tumor lysate in the Batch Record (Appendix 2, Section 3B).

### 7.6.3 Preparation of tumor lysate control samples, run twice on plate in duplicate

- 7.6.3.1 For one 96-well plate, retrieve one each High-, Mid-, and Low-Control (C) tumor lysate control vials from the -80°C freezer. Place in a water/ice bath to thaw and label a 1.5-mL Sarstedt tube for each diluted control sample. Thawing may take 30-45 min.
- 7.6.3.2 Use the dilution scheme in the Batch Record (Appendix 2, Section 3C) to prepare a 1:10 dilution of each control stock solution in Intact MET Buffer (2 - 8°C) and label the tubes accordingly. Once thawed, keep controls on ice and use within 1 h. Excess control lysate will be discarded.

## 7.7 MET Protein Capture

7.7.1 Using the Plate Map Design ([Appendix 1](#)) and the Sample Calculation Table (Appendix 2, Section 3B) as a guide, add 100  $\mu$ L of each sample into the corresponding well of the 96-well plate. Samples prepared include MET standards (SOP Step 7.6.1), unknown samples (SOP Step 7.6.2), and control samples (SOP Step 7.6.3).

Order	Sample/Reagent and Volume
1	100 $\mu$ L of specified concentrations of MET standards into designated triplicate wells. Load the lowest concentration first.
2	100 $\mu$ L of each unknown sample into designated triplicate wells (S1-S12)
3	100 $\mu$ L each of tumor controls (Low-C, Mid-C, and High-C) into both sets of designated duplicate wells
4	100 $\mu$ L of Intact MET Buffer (2-8°C) into each of the designated background wells

7.7.2 Cover the plate with an adhesive seal and incubate for 1 h  $\pm$  5 min with 650 rpm shaking on the orbital microplate shaker with the temperature set at 25°C ( $\pm$  3°C). Record the incubation conditions in the Batch Record (Appendix 2, Section 4).

## 7.8 Intact MET Detection

7.8.1 Using the calculations in Appendix 2, Sections 5A, prepare a sufficient amount of L41G3-biotin conjugate working solution in Intact MET Buffer (25°C)  $\leq$  30 min before washing the plate (next step) that has been incubating with samples. Store L41G3-biotin conjugate working solution in a fixed temperature incubator at 25°C and use within 30 min of preparation.

<b>METHOD</b>	
Number of Cycles:	<b>4</b>
Soak/Shake:	<b>No</b>
<b>DISPENSE</b>	
Dispense Volume:	<b>350 <math>\mu</math>L/well</b>
Dispense Flow Rate:	<b>06</b>
Dispense Height:	<b>120 (15.240 mm)</b>
Horizontal DISP POS:	<b>00 (0.000 mm)</b>
Bottom Wash First:	<b>No</b>
Prime Before Start:	<b>No</b>
<b>ASPIRATE</b>	
Aspirate Height:	<b>031 (3.937 mm)*</b>
Horizontal ASPR POS:	<b>-40 (-1.829 mm)*</b>
Aspiration Rate:	<b>05 (6.4 mm/sec)</b>
Aspirate Delay:	<b>0000 MSec</b>
Crosswise ASPIR:	<b>No</b>
Final Aspiration:	<b>Yes</b>
Final Aspirate Delay:	<b>1000 MSec</b>

**7.8.2** After the 1-h plate incubation is complete, aspirate the plate and wash the wells 4 times with 350  $\mu$ L 1X Wash Buffer per well. Record the time samples were removed from the wells in the Batch Record (Appendix 2, Section 4). For the ELx405, ELx405 Select, and ELx405 Select CW Microplate Washers, the settings are:

\*Recommended initial setting, adjust Aspirate Height and Horizontal ASPR Pos to optimize complete aspiration for an individual unit and plate type following the manufacturer's recommendations.

- 7.8.3** After the wash, tap the plate on a paper towel to remove residual Wash Buffer. Proceed immediately to the next step; do not allow the plate to dry out.
- 7.8.4** Add 100  $\mu$ L of the L41G3-biotin conjugate working solution per well using a multichannel pipettor, cover the plate with an adhesive seal, and incubate for 1 h  $\pm$  5 min with 650 rpm shaking on the orbital microplate shaker with the temperature set at 25°C. Discard residual working solution and record the incubation conditions in the Batch Record (Appendix 2, Section 5B).
- 7.8.5** Just before the 1-h incubation with L41G3-biotin conjugate working solution is complete, prepare a sufficient amount of streptavidin poly-HRP conjugate for the assay. See Appendix 2, Section 6A for conjugate preparation and record time the conjugate is prepared. Poly-HRP conjugate can be stored at 25°C ( $\pm$  3°C) for up to 30  $\pm$  5 min before use.
- 7.8.6** After the 1-h L41G3-biotin conjugate incubation is complete, aspirate and wash the wells 4 times with 350  $\mu$ L of 1X Wash Buffer (same wash program as SOP Step 7.8.2). Tap plate on a paper towel to remove residual liquid and proceed immediately to the next step.
- 7.8.7** Add 100  $\mu$ L of streptavidin poly-HRP conjugate per well using a multichannel pipettor. Cover the plate with an adhesive seal and incubate for 30  $\pm$  5 min with 650 rpm shaking on the orbital microplate shaker with the temperature set at 25°C. Record the incubation conditions in the Batch Record (Appendix 2, Section 6B).

## 7.9 Signal Detection

**7.9.1** Turn on the Tecan Microplate Reader at least 30 min before use. For chemiluminescence readings, the plate reader should be set to the following reading parameters:

Shaking duration:	<b>5 sec</b>
Mode:	<b>Linear</b>
Amplitude:	<b>1 mm</b>
Attenuation:	<b>OD1</b>
Integration Time:	<b>100 ms</b>
Settling Time:	<b>60 ms</b>

- 7.9.2** Just before the streptavidin poly-HRP conjugate incubation is finished, prepare the Chemiluminescent Substrate as outlined in the Batch Record, be sure to note the time of preparation (Appendix 2, Section 7A). This must be made up immediately before use, kept in the dark, and at a sufficient volume for the assay.
- 7.9.3** After the 30-min poly-HRP conjugate incubation is complete, aspirate and wash the wells 4 times with 350  $\mu$ L of 1X Wash Buffer (same wash program as SOP Step 7.8.2). Tap

plate on a paper towel to remove residual liquid and proceed immediately to the next step.

- 7.9.4** Add 100  $\mu$ L of the freshly made Chemiluminescent Substrate to each well using a multichannel pipettor. Cover the plate with an opaque lid to protect it from light and place on the shaker for 1 min with shaking at 650 rpm and temperature set to 25°C. Record the time of addition to wells (Appendix 2, Section 7B).
- 7.9.5** Luminescence reading should be done within 15 min of substrate addition. Record the time of the relative light unit (RLU) reading in the Batch Record (Appendix 2, Section 7B).
- If the signal is too high (no read-out, invalid read-out), report sample as “out of range - high.”
- 7.9.6** Save the resulting readings in an Excel file to a secure computer; recommended to label with a unique file name (e.g., SOP number + “Tecan” + run date + unique plate identifier). Print a paper copy of the raw data for inclusion with the Batch Record.
- 7.10** Review and finalize the Batch Records (Appendix 2) and obtain required signatures. Document ANY and ALL deviations from this SOP in the Batch Record (Appendix 1, Section 8).
- 7.11** The Laboratory Director/Supervisor should review the Batch Record and sample reports and sign the Batch Record affirming the data contained within the reports are correct (Appendix 2, Section 9).
- 7.12** Proceed to SOP341208 for Quality Control and Data Analyses and preparation of the Sample Data Report to send to the clinical protocol Principal Investigator.

**Important:** Only samples with  $\geq 200$  fmol/mg intact MET will be assayed in the phospho-MET immunoassays. This minimal intact MET requirement is based on preclinical studies indicating that 50% to 60% (100 - 120 fmol/mg) of total MET is phosphorylated and the sensitivity of the phospho-MET immunoassays.

## APPENDIX 1: PLATE MAP DESIGN

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12*
A	Intact MET Buffer (2-8°C) <sup>†</sup>				0.31 pM		Intact MET Buffer (2-8°C)					
B	High-C	S1	S3	S5	0.63 pM		S7	S9	S11	Low-C		
C					1.25 pM					Medium-C		
D	Medium-C	S2	S4	S6	2.5 pM		S8	S10	S12	Medium-C		
E					5.0 pM					High-C		
F	Low-C	S2	S4	S6	10.0 pM		S8	S10	S12	High-C		
G					20.0 pM							
H	Intact MET Buffer (2-8°C)				40.0 pM		Intact MET Buffer (2-8°C)					
	Control Samples	Unknown Samples (S), TriPLICATE			MET Standards, TriPLICATE		Unknown Samples (S), TriPLICATE			Control Samples		

\* The strip in column 12 of the Plate Map should be replaced with an uncoated Maxisorp 8-well white strip.

† RLU readings from the 4 corner background wells and wells adjacent to the highest standard will not be used to determine background variability.

- Each numbered column represents a single 8-well Capture Antibody Coated Strips; alternating colored column headers indicate each strip.
- Background control wells are loaded with Intact MET Buffer (2-8°C) only (no sample).
- S1 through S12 are unknown sample wells in triplicate, grouped by column. This allows for up to 6 tumor biopsy samples (3 paired samples) to be analyzed per plate at 2 protein dilutions.

**Important:** The Plate Map design and sample well designation illustrated above are assumed for the proper format of the Tecan output data file that will be analyzed (described in SOP341208: MET Quality Control and Data Analysis). If an alternate Plate Map is used or fewer unknown samples are run, manual adjustment of the Tecan data file will be required, as outlined in the SOP.

**Note:** If samples S7-S12 are not being run, the column 11 control lysate strip can be run in column 8; manual adjustments to the Tecan output data will be required in SOP341208

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## APPENDIX 2: BATCH RECORD

**NOTE:** Record times using **military time** (24-h designation), for example specify 16:15 to indicate 4:15 PM.

Certified Assay Operator: \_\_\_\_\_

Certification Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Facility/Laboratory Running SOP: \_\_\_\_\_

Plate ID (optional): \_\_\_\_\_

### 1. Critical Reagents

Be sure the lot numbers and recommended working solution concentrations on each of the reagents match those cited in the product insert accompanying the reagents. Reagents from one pack **should not** be exchanged with reagents from another pack.

Reagent Name	Date Received	Lot Number	Provided Reagent	Recommended Dilution/Conc. for Working Solution	Expiration Date
Capture Antibody Coated Strips	/ /		N/A	N/A	/ /
MET Standards	/ /		pM	40 pM	/ /
Tumor Lysate Controls	/ /		50 µg/mL	5 µg/mL	/ /
L41G3-Biotin Conjugate	/ /		100 µg/mL	µg/mL	/ /
Poly-HRP Conjugate	/ /		500 µg/mL	µg/mL	/ /
5X PBS-Casein	/ /		N/A	N/A	/ /
Chemiluminescent Substrate	/ /		N/A	N/A	/ /

### 2. Equipment and Preparation of Reagents

#### A. Equipment

BioTek Plate Washer: Make/Model: \_\_\_\_\_

Serial #: \_\_\_\_\_

Microplate Reader Make/Model: \_\_\_\_\_

Serial #: \_\_\_\_\_

#### B. Buffers

Sufficient buffer volume should be prepared to complete all steps for all 96-well plates being prepared in the experimental run. Always prepare at least 10% excess volume of buffer to ensure adequate volume to complete the run.

- a. **1X Wash Buffer:** To prepare 1 L of buffer pipette 100 mL 10X PBS and 10 mL 10% Tween 20 (0.1% final) into 890 mL UltraPure DNase/RNase-free distilled water. Store at ambient temperature for up to 5 d.

Reagent	Source	Lot Number	Expiration Date
10% Tween 20 or Surfact-Amps Purified Detergent Solution			

- b. **Intact MET Buffer:** In a 50-mL polypropylene tube, add 5 mL 5X PBS-Casein and 250  $\mu$ L 10% Triton X-100 (0.1% final) to 20 mL UltraPure DNase/RNase-free distilled water. Make fresh for each assay.

Intact MET Buffer for use with unknown samples, blanks, standards and controls should be kept on ice (2-8°C). Intact MET Buffer for use with detection antibody and streptavidin poly-HRP conjugate preparation should be kept at 25°C for use in the assay.

### 3. Preparation of MET Standards (A), Unknown Samples (B), and Tumor Lysate Controls (C)

#### A. Recombinant MET Standards (SOP Step 7.6.1)

Calculations for preparation of 40 pM MET standard in 1 mL from provided STOCK solution. e.g., PADIS/IQC-supplied MET standard STOCK Lot#: 090710-S2 is supplied at 492 pM.

$$\left( \frac{40 \text{ pM} * 1 \text{ mL}}{\text{Conc. of MET standard STOCK (pM)}} \right) * 1000 \text{ } \mu\text{L/mL} = \frac{\text{XX } \mu\text{L MET standard STOCK solution in 1 mL final}}{\text{Conc. of MET standard STOCK (pM)}}$$

$$\left( \frac{40 \text{ pM} * 1 \text{ mL}}{\text{_____ pM}} \right) * 1000 \text{ } \mu\text{L/mL} = \text{_____ } \mu\text{L MET standard STOCK solution in 1 mL final}$$

Use the calculations above to prepare the 40 pM standard in tube #1. Serial dilution of the MET standards is used to prepare the remaining tubes with final concentrations ranging from 20 to 0.31 pM in Intact MET Buffer (2-8°C). 100  $\mu$ L of each standard will be added per plate well without further dilution. Label tubes with final concentration of standard.

Tube # (Plate Row)	Vol. and Source of Concentrated Standard	Volume Intact MET Buffer (2-8°C)	Resulting Diluted Conc. of Standard
1 (H)	_____ $\mu$ L STOCK solution	_____ $\mu$ L (bring to 1 mL)	40 pM
2 (G)	500 $\mu$ L of tube #1	500 $\mu$ L	20 pM
3 (F)	500 $\mu$ L of tube #2	500 $\mu$ L	10 pM
4 (E)	500 $\mu$ L of tube #3	500 $\mu$ L	5 pM
5 (D)	500 $\mu$ L of tube #4	500 $\mu$ L	2.5 pM
6 (C)	500 $\mu$ L of tube #5	500 $\mu$ L	1.25 pM
7 (B)	500 $\mu$ L of tube #6	500 $\mu$ L	0.63 pM
8 (A)	500 $\mu$ L of tube #7	500 $\mu$ L	0.31 pM



B. Unknown Sample Calculation Table (SOP Step 7.6.2)

Unknown samples will be run in triplicate, 100  $\mu\text{L}$  sample/well (preparing 0.5 well extra). Sample numbers correspond to those on the Plate Map Design in Appendix 1. A pre-dose and post-dose sample from the same patient would have the same Patient ID, but different Specimen ID numbers. Tumor lysate samples are prepared according to SOP341201.

Time Unknown Samples Removed From Freezer: \_\_\_\_\_ :

Sample No.	Sample/Patient ID	Protein Conc. Stock Lysate ( $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ )	Diluted Lysate <sup>†</sup>		
			Vol. Lysate ( $\mu\text{L}$ )	Vol. Intact MET Buffer (2-8°C) (350 $\mu\text{L}$ - Vol. Lysate)	Final conc. of diluted lysate ( $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ )
S1					50 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$
S2					100 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$
S3					50 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$
S4					100 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$
S5					50 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$
S6					100 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$
S7					50 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$
S8					100 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$
S9					50 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$
S10					100 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$
S11					50 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$
S12					100 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$

<sup>†</sup> For each unknown sample, perform the following calculation to determine the total volume stock tumor lysate needed to make each of 2 different lysate dilutions (50 and 100  $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ ) in Intact MET Buffer (2-8°C) at a final volume of 350  $\mu\text{L}$ . This is sufficient volume to run each dilution in triplicate preparing 0.5 well extra; final diluted volumes will be loaded at 100  $\mu\text{L}/\text{well}$ .

- For each unknown sample, record volumes for preparation of the **Diluted Lysate** sample in table above.

$\frac{(50 \text{ or } 100) \mu\text{g}/\text{mL}}{\text{Conc. Stock Lysate}} \times 350 \mu\text{L} = \text{Add } \underline{\text{XX.X}} \mu\text{L Stock Lysate}$	$= \text{(bring to } 350 \mu\text{L with Intact MET Buffer; } 2\text{-}8^\circ\text{C)}$
--	--

- The volume of stock lysate used to make the **Diluted Lysate** should always be  $\geq 2 \mu\text{L}$ . If the calculated volume is less, make a 1:10 dilution (2  $\mu\text{L}$  stock lysate into 18  $\mu\text{L}$  Intact MET Buffer [2-8°C]) and then use 10x more volume. Notate “1:10” in parenthesis next to the volume used if a 1:10 dilution was needed to load  $\geq 2 \mu\text{L}$ .
  - For example, if the calculated volume to use from the stock lysate was 1.2  $\mu\text{L}$ , after making the 1:10 dilution of the stock lysate, 12  $\mu\text{L}$  would be used to prepare the **Diluted Lysate** in the table above.

C. Tumor Lysate Controls (SOP Step 7.6.3)

The High-, Mid-, and Low-C tumor lysate dilutions (5 µg/mL) are prepared in Intact MET Buffer (2-8°C) using individual stock lysates (50 µg/mL); each stock lysate has a different level of MET protein. 100 µL of each dilution will be placed into plate wells without further dilution.

Control Tube Dilution	Vol. and Source of Tumor Lysate Control	Vol. Intact MET Buffer (2-8°C)
High-C (1:10)	<u>100</u> µL of High-C Stock	900 µL
Mid-C (1:10)	<u>100</u> µL of Mid-C Stock	900 µL
Low-C (1:10)	<u>100</u> µL of Low-C Stock	900 µL

4. **Plate Incubation (SOP Steps 7.7.2 and 7.8.2)**

Add 100 µL unknown samples, controls, and MET standards to the 96-well plate, cover plate, and incubate at 25°C for 1 h ± 5 min shaking at 650 rpm.

Start Time: \_\_\_\_\_ : \_\_\_\_\_ Stop Time: \_\_\_\_\_ : \_\_\_\_\_ Incubation Temp: \_\_\_\_\_ °C

5. **Detection Antibody: L41G3-Biotin Conjugate (SOP Steps 7.8.1 and 7.8.4)**

A. Preparation of L41G3-Biotin Conjugate Working Solution

For one 96-well plate, prepare 110 wells: (100 µL/well\*110)/(1000 µL/mL) = 11 mL. Prepare **L41G3-Biotin Conjugate Working Solution** using the following calculations:

- a. Recommended working concentration of L41G3-Biotin Conjugate = \_\_\_\_\_ µg/mL  
 e.g., PADIS/IQC-supplied L41G3-Biotin Conjugate recommended working concentration for Lot# 0586B, Prep# 3148B is 0.2 µg/mL.

$\frac{\text{Working Concentration} \quad * \quad 11 \text{ mL}}{100 \text{ } \mu\text{g/mL L41G3-Biotin Conjugate STOCK}} * 1000 \text{ } \mu\text{L/mL} = \frac{\text{XX.X } \mu\text{L L41G3-Biotin Conjugate STOCK}}$
---

$\frac{\text{_____ } \mu\text{g/mL} \quad * \quad 11 \text{ mL}}{100 \text{ } \mu\text{g/mL L41G3-Biotin Conjugate STOCK}} * 1000 \text{ } \mu\text{L/mL} = \text{_____ } \mu\text{L L41G3-Biotin Conjugate STOCK}$
---

- b. Place the following in a 15-mL polypropylene tube:

11 mL Intact MET Buffer (25°C)  
 \_\_\_ µL L41G3-Biotin Conjugate

Preparation Time: \_\_\_\_\_ :

B. Addition of Prepared L41G3-Biotin Conjugate Working Solution

Add 100 µL of the **L41G3-Biotin Conjugate Working Solution** to each well and incubate at 25°C for 1 h ± 5 min shaking at 650 rpm.

Start Time: \_\_\_\_\_ : \_\_\_\_\_ Stop Time: \_\_\_\_\_ : \_\_\_\_\_ Incubation Temp: \_\_\_\_\_ °C

**6. Reporter: Streptavidin Poly-HRP Conjugate (SOP Steps 7.8.5 and 7.8.7)**

**A. Preparation of Streptavidin Poly-HRP Conjugate**

For one 96-well plate, prepare 110 wells:  $(100 \mu\text{L}/\text{well} * 110) / (1000 \mu\text{L}/\text{mL}) = 11 \text{ mL}$ . Prepare **Poly-HRP Conjugate Working Solution** using the following calculations:

- a. Recommended working concentration of Poly-HRP Conjugate = \_\_\_\_\_  $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$   
 e.g., PADIS/IQC-supplied Poly-HRP conjugate recommended working concentration for

Working Concentration	* 11 mL	*	1000 $\mu\text{L}/\text{mL}$	=	XX.X $\mu\text{L}$ Poly-HRP Conjugate STOCK
500 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ Poly-HRP Conjugate STOCK					

_____ $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$	* 11 mL	*	1000 $\mu\text{L}/\text{mL}$	=	_____ $\mu\text{L}$ Poly-HRP Conjugate STOCK
500 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ Poly-HRP Conjugate STOCK					

Lot# LK151842 in the intact MET immunoassay is 0.3  $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ .

- b. Place the following in a 15-mL polypropylene tube:

11 mL Intact MET Buffer (25°C)  
 \_\_\_  $\mu\text{L}$  Poly-HRP Conjugate

Preparation Time: \_\_\_\_\_ :

**B. Addition of Poly-HRP Conjugate Working Solution**

Add 100  $\mu\text{L}$  of the **Poly-HRP Conjugate Working Solution** to each of the washed wells and incubate at 25°C for 30  $\pm$  5 min shaking at 650 rpm.

Start Time: \_\_\_\_\_ : \_\_\_\_\_ Stop Time: \_\_\_\_\_ : \_\_\_\_\_ Incubation Temp: \_\_\_\_\_ °C

**7. Chemiluminescent Substrate (SOP Step 7.9.2-7.9.5)**

**A. Preparation of Substrate Solution**

Calculate volume of substrate required for the experimental run. For one 96-well plate, prepare 110 wells:  $(100 \mu\text{L}/\text{well} * 110) / (1000 \mu\text{L}/\text{mL}) = 11 \text{ mL}$ . Prepare the following in a 15-mL polypropylene tube wrapped with aluminum foil. Mix by inversion 5 to 8 times and store at 25°C in the dark until use.

5.5 mL Pico Stable Peroxide (50  $\mu\text{L}/\text{well} * 110) / (1000 \mu\text{L}/\text{mL})$   
 5.5 mL Pico Luminol/Enhancer (50  $\mu\text{L}/\text{well} * 110) / (1000 \mu\text{L}/\text{mL})$

Time of Substrate Preparation: \_\_\_\_\_ :

**B. Substrate Solution Incubation and RLU Reading Times**

Add 100  $\mu\text{L}$  of the freshly made Chemiluminescent Substrate to each well. Cover the plate with an opaque lid to protect it from light and place on the shaker for 1 min with shaking at 650 rpm and temperature set to 25°C.

Time of Substrate Addition to Wells: \_\_\_\_\_ :

Time RLU Reading is Captured: \_\_\_\_\_ :

**8. Notes, including any deviations from the SOP:**

**9. Laboratory Director/Supervisor Review of Batch Record**

Laboratory Director/Supervisor: \_\_\_\_\_ (PRINT)

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ (SIGN)